

Lesson Ten: Noun Accent
First and Second Declension Noun Accent
Morphology: The Nominal System (Part 5)
Study Aid Level Three: Quiz

I. True or False. Choose whether the statement is true or false.

1. The ultima syllable allows the greatest diversity of accentuation.
True False
2. The circumflex accent may stand over the antepenult syllable.
True False
3. The acute accent may stand over a long or short ultima, penult, or antepenult syllable. True False
4. The vowels *epsilon* and *omikron* are always long for the purposes of accentuation. True False
5. The circumflex accent may stand over a long or short ultima or long penult syllable. True False
6. Accent sustention pertains to an accent's ability to carry the syllable or syllables that follow in a word. True False
7. Syllable quantity (as long or short) affects accents. True False
8. If the ultima is short (short vowel or final $\alpha\iota$ or $\omicron\iota$) and the penult is long and the penult is accented, it MUST have the circumflex. True False
9. If the ultima is long (*i.e.*, long vowel or diphthong), a circumflex cannot be placed over the penult. True False
10. The general rules always predict over which syllable an accent must be positioned or type of accent. True False
11. First declension genitive plurals ALWAYS have a circumflex accent on the ultima regardless of the type or position of accent in the nominative singular. True False
12. The *alpha* in the ultima of neuter nominative, accusative, and vocative plural nouns is ALWAYS short. True False

II. Multiple Choice. Choose the best answer that answers the question.

1. Which form is correctly accented for δούλος?

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. δούλω | c. δούλε |
| b. δούλου | d. δουλών |

2. Which form is correctly accented for ἀπόστολος?

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| a. ἀπόστολου | c. ἀποστόλω |
| b. ἀποστόλοι | d. ἀπόστολοις |

3. Which form is correctly accented for ὄχλος?

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| a. ὄχλου | c. ὄχλοι |
| b. ὄχλον | d. ὄχλοις |

4. Which form is correctly accented for λόγος?

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| a. λόγῃ | c. λογόν |
| b. λόγου | d. λογῶ |

5. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ὁδός?

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| a. ὁδοῦ | c. ὁδῶ |
| b. ὁδῶν | d. ὁδοίς |

6. Which form is NOT correctly accented for μαθητής?

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a. μαθητά | c. μαθήτων |
| b. μαθητάς | d. μαθηταί |

7. Which form is NOT correctly accented for θεός?

- | | |
|---------|--------|
| a. θεόν | c. θεέ |
| b. θεοῖ | d. θεῶ |

8. Which form is NOT correctly accented for Ἑρμῆς?

- | | |
|----------|---------|
| a. Ἑρμοῦ | c. Ἑρμῆ |
| b. Ἑρμῆν | d. Ἑρμή |

9. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ὥρα?

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| a. ὥρών | c. ὥρας |
| b. ὥραι | d. ὥραις |

10. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ἱερόν?

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| a. ἱερῶ | c. ἱερόν |
| b. ἱεροῦ | d. ἱερά |

11. Which form is NOT correctly accented for βαπτιστής?

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a. βαπτιστήν | c. βαπτιστού |
| b. βαπτιστᾶ | d. βαπτιστά |

12. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ἀλήθεια?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| a. ἀληθείας | c. ἀλήθεια |
| b. ἀλήθειαν | d. ἀληθειῶν |

III. Lexical Form. Supply the lexical form for the following inflected words. Be sure to include the proper accent for the lexical form.

	Inflected Form	Lexical Form		Inflected Form	Lexical Form
1.	καρδία		16.	θεῶν	
2.	Ἰησοῦ		17.	διαθήκης	
3.	διαθήκαι		18.	ἐπιθυμίαι	
4.	ἐπιστολῇ		19.	ἐξόδοις	
5.	ὀργήν		20.	σωτηρίαν	
6.	ἀγρούς		21.	ἄρτων	
7.	διδασχῆ		22.	διαθήκαις	
8.	ἐπιθυμίαις		23.	Ἰησοῦν	
9.	λίθους		24.	ἐρήμων	
10.	ὀργαί		25.	προσευχή	
11.	ἀγάπη		26.	δόξας	
12.	Μεσσιῶν		27.	μαθητοῦ	
13.	φωνήν		28.	κύριον	
14.	Παύλου		29.	υἱέ	
15.	λόγων		30.	κεφαλῆν	

IV. The article. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article.

	Singular			Plural		
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Nominative						
Genitive						
Dative						
Accusative						

V. Fill in the correct Greek article before the inflected forms.

	Article	Noun		Article	Noun
1.		διδασχάις	25.		διαθηκῶν
2.		δικαιοσύνης	26.		ἐπιστολάς
3.		ἐπιθυμία	27.		Ἰησοῦν
4.		ὀργήν	28.		προσευχήν
5.		λίθῳ	29.		λίθους
6.		σωτηρία	30.		ἐρήμου
7.		προσευχῆς	31.		ὀργάς
8.		Ἰησοῦς	32.		ἐπιθυμίαν
9.		ἔδοδοι	33.		διαθήκαι
10.		ἐρήμους	34.		δικαιοσυνῶν
11.		διαθήκη	35.		ἁμαρτωλούς
12.		ἁμαρτωνόν	36.		ἄρτους
13.		ἄγροί	37.		σωτηρία
14.		Ἑρμῆ	38.		δόξη
15.		φωνῆ	39.		μνᾶν
16.		γῆ	40.		δώρου
17.		Μανασσῆ	41.		στρατιώτην
18.		προφήται	42.		προφήτου
19.		μαργαρίταις	43.		ἀργῶ
20.		Ἰωάννου	44.		κλέπτας
21.		εὐαγγέλια	45.		οὐρανόν
22.		ὄχλω	46.		ὑμνους
23.		χορούς	47.		ἄγγελος
24.		ὀρφανοῖς	48.		θηρία

VI. Parse the following words. Parse the words listed. Use the space provided below each word to cite all necessary information, including the lexical form and definition.

1. εὐαγγελίου

2. διαθήκαι

3. ἐπιθυμιῶν

4. ἐξόδω

5. προσευχῆς

6. συναγωγάς

7. σωτηρίαν

8. Ἰησοῦ

An answer key for this quiz begins on the next page.

ANSWER KEY

I. **True or False.** Choose whether the statement is true or false.

1. The ultima syllable allows the greatest diversity of accentuation.
True
2. The circumflex accent may stand over the antepenult syllable. False
3. The acute accent may stand over a long or short ultima, penult, or antepenult syllable. True
4. The vowels *epsilon* and *omikron* are always long for the purposes of accentuation. False
5. The circumflex accent may stand over a long or short ultima or long penult syllable. False
6. Accent sustention pertains to an accent's ability to carry the syllable or syllables that follow in a word. True
7. Syllable quantity (as long or short) affects accents. True
8. If the ultima is short (short vowel or final α or \omicron) and the penult is long and the penult is accented, it **MUST** have the circumflex. True
9. If the ultima is long (*i.e.*, long vowel or diphthong), a circumflex cannot be placed over the penult. True
10. The general rules always predict over which syllable an accent must be positioned or type of accent. False
11. First declension genitive plurals **ALWAYS** have a circumflex accent on the ultima regardless of the type or position of accent in the nominative singular. True
12. The *alpha* in the ultima of neuter nominative, accusative, and vocative plural nouns is **ALWAYS** short. True

II. Multiple Choice. Choose the best answer that answers the question.

1. Which form is correctly accented for δούλος?

- α. δούλω
β. δούλου
γ. δούλε
δ. δουλών

2. Which form is correctly accented for ἀπόστολος?

- α. ἀπόστολου
β. ἀποστόλοι
γ. ἀποστόλω
δ. ἀπόστολοις

3. Which form is correctly accented for ὄχλος?

- α. ὄχλου
β. ὄχλον
γ. ὄχλοι
δ. ὄχλοις

4. Which form is correctly accented for λόγος?

- α. λόγῃ
β. λόγου
γ. λογόν
δ. λογῶ

5. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ὁδός?

- α. ὁδοῦ
β. ὁδῶν
γ. ὁδῶ
δ. ὁδοίς

6. Which form is NOT correctly accented for μαθητής?

- α. μαθητά
β. μαθητάς
γ. μαθήτων
δ. μαθηταί

7. Which form is NOT correctly accented for θεός?

α. θεόν

γ. θεέ

β. θεοῖ

δ. θεῶ

8. Which form is NOT correctly accented for Ἑρμῆς?

α. Ἑρμοῦ

γ. Ἑρμῆ

β. Ἑρμῆν

δ. Ἑρμῆ

9. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ὥρα?

α. ὥρών

γ. ὥρας

β. ὥραι

δ. ὥραις

10. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ἱερόν?

α. ἱερῶ

γ. ἱερόν

β. ἱεροῦ

δ. ἱερά

11. Which form is NOT correctly accented for βαπτιστής?

α. βαπτιστήν

γ. βαπτιστού

β. βαπτιστᾶ

δ. βαπτιστά

12. Which form is NOT correctly accented for ἀλήθεια?

α. ἀληθείας

γ. ἀλήθεια

β. ἀλήθειαν

δ. ἀληθειῶν

III. Lexical Form. Supply the lexical form for the following inflected words. Be sure to include the proper accent for the lexical form.

	Inflected Form	Lexical Form		Inflected Form	Lexical Form
1.	καρδίᾱ	καρδία	16.	θεῶν	θεός
2.	Ἰησοῦ	Ἰησοῦς	17.	διαθήκης	διαθήκη
3.	διαθήκαι	διαθήκη	18.	ἐπιθυμίαι	ἐπιθυμία
4.	ἐπιστολῆ	ἐπιστολή	19.	ἐξόδοις	ἔξοδος
5.	ὀργήν	ὀργή	20.	σωτηρίαν	σωτηρία
6.	ἄγρους	ἄγρός	21.	ἄρτων	ἄρτος
7.	διδασχῆ	διδασχή	22.	διαθήκαις	διαθήκη
8.	ἐπιθυμίαις	ἐπιθυμία	23.	Ἰησοῦν	Ἰησοῦς
9.	λίθους	λίθος	24.	ἐρήμων	ἔρημος
10.	ὀργαί	ὀργή	25.	προσευχῆ	προσευχή
11.	ἀγάπη	ἀγάπη	26.	δόξας	δόξα
12.	Μεσσιῶν	Μεσσίας	27.	μαθητοῦ	μαθητής
13.	φωνήν	φωνή	28.	κύριον	κύριος
14.	Παύλου	Παῦλος	29.	υἱέ	υἱός
15.	λόγων	λόγος	30.	κεφαλῆν	κεφαλή

IV. The article. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article.

	Singular			Plural		
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Nominative	ὁ	ἡ	τό	οἱ	αἱ	τά
Genitive	τοῦ	τῆς	τοῦ	τῶν	τῶν	τῶν
Dative	τῷ	τῇ	τῷ	τοῖς	ταῖς	τοῖς
Accusative	τόν	τήν	τό	τούς	τάς	τά

V. Fill in the correct Greek article before the inflected forms.

	Article	Noun		Article	Noun
1.	ταῖς	διδασκαίς	25.	τῶν	διαθηκῶν
2.	τῆς	δικαιοσύνης	26.	τάς	ἐπιστολάς
3.	τῇ	ἐπιθυμία	27.	τὸν	Ἰησοῦν
4.	τὴν	ὀργήν	28.	τὴν	προσευχὴν
5.	τῷ	λίθῳ	29.	τοὺς	λίθους
6.	ἡ	σωτηρία	30.	τῆς	ἐρήμου
7.	τῆς	προσευχῆς	31.	τάς	ὀργάς
8.	ὁ	Ἰησοῦς	32.	τὴν	ἐπιθυμίαν
9.	αἱ	ἔδοδοι	33.	αἱ	διαθήκαι
10.	τάς	ἐρήμους	34.	τῶν	δικαιοσυνῶν
11.	τῇ	διαθήκη	35.	τοὺς	ἁμαρτωλοὺς
12.	τὸν	ἁμαρτωλόν	36.	τοὺς	ἄρτους
13.	οἱ	ἄγροί	37.	ἡ	σωτηρία
14.	τῷ	Ἑρμῇ	38.	τῇ	δόξῃ
15.	τῇ	φωνῇ	39.	τὴν	μνᾶν
16.	ἡ	γῆ	40.	τοῦ	δώρου
17.	τῷ	Μανασσῇ	41.	τὴν	στρατιώτην
18.	οἱ	προφῆται	42.	τοῦ	προφήτου
19.	τοῖς	μαργαρίταις	43.	τῷ	ἀργῷ
20.	τοῦ	Ἰωάννου	44.	τοὺς	κλέπτας
21.	τὰ	εὐαγγέλια	45.	τὸν	οὐρανόν
22.	τῷ	ὄχλῳ	46.	τοὺς	ὑμνοὺς
23.	τοὺς	χορούς	47.	ὁ	ἄγγελος
24.	τοῖς	ὀρφανοῖς	48.	τὰ	θηρία

VI. Parse the following words. Parse the words listed. Use the space provided below each word to cite all necessary information, including the lexical form and definition.

1. εὐαγγελίου - Genitive neuter singular, εὐαγγέλιον, n-2c, "Gospel, good news"
2. διαθήκαι - Nominative/vocative feminine plural, διαθήκη, n-1b, "covenant, contract"
3. ἐπιθυμιῶν - Genitive feminine plural, ἐπιθυμία, n-1a, "strong desire, lust"
4. ἐξόδῳ - Dative feminine singular, ἕξις, n-2b, "departure"
5. προσευχῆς - Genitive feminine singular, προσευχή, n-1b, "prayer"
6. συναγωγάς - Accusative feminine plural, συναγωγή, n-1b, "synagogue"
7. σωτηρίαν - Accusative feminine singular, σωτηρία, n-1a, "salvation"
8. Ἰησοῦ - Genitive/dative masculine singular, Ἰησοῦς, n-3g(1), "Jesus, Joshua"