Lesson 14: Pronouns (Module B) Demonstrative Pronouns Study Aid Level Three: Quiz

This quiz tests the student's knowledge concerning the material covered in Lesson Fourteen. This quiz should be considered a closed-book quiz. If more than fifteen percent of the questions are incorrectly answered, it is suggested to study the lesson material again and retake the quiz in a few days before advancing to Lesson Fifteen.

Part One: Multiple Choice. Choose the best answer.

- 1. What is the lexical form for $\beta\lambda\alpha\sigma\phi\eta\mu\dot{\alpha}\alpha$?
 - a. βλασφημία
 b. βλασφημίας
 c. βλάσφημια
 d. βλασφημίαν
- 2. What is the lexical form for $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \delta \delta \delta \delta \nu$?

a.	παράδοξοι	С.	παράδοξος
b.	παραδόξος	d.	παράδοξον

- 3. What is the lexical entry for $\beta i \beta \lambda o u$?
 - a. β ίβλο_S, -ου, όc. β ίβλο_S, -ου, ήb. β ίβλο_S, -η_S, ήd. β ίβλο_S, -ον, ό
- 4. What is the lexical entry for $\tau \alpha \hat{\upsilon} \tau \alpha$?

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a.	εκεινο _S , -η, -ο	С.	ταυτας

- b. οὗτος, αῦτη, τοῦτο d. τοῦτο
- 5. What is the lexical entry for $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon$ ($\nu o u_S$?

a.	, έκεινος, -η, -ο	C.	έκεινος, -ου, ό
b.	οὗτος, αὓτη, τοῦτο	d.	οῦτος, -ου, ό

6. What is the lexical entry for παρουσίαι?			
	παρουσία, -η _S , ή παρουσία, -α _S , ή		παρουσία, -α _S , ό παρούσια, -α _S , ή
7. W	/hat is the lexical entry for πεντηκ	οστ	η̂ς?
	πεντηκοστία, -η _S , ή πεντηκόστη, -α _S , ή		πεντηκοστή, -η _S , ή πεντηκοστία, -α _S , ή
8. W	/hat is the lexical entry for τίτλου	?	
	τίτλος, -ου, ή τίτλος, -η, -ον		τίτλος, -ου, ό τιτλός, -οῦ, ὁ
9. W	/hich of the following is the best tra	ansl	ation for αὐτὸς ἐγώ?
a. b.	he himself he l		I myself the same
10. \	Which of the following is the best t	rans	slation for αὐτοὶ ὑμεῖς?
a. b.	they themselves you yourselves		you yourself we ourselves
11. \	Which of the following is the best t	rans	slation for αὐτοὶ ἡμεῖ _ິ ?
a. b.	you yourself we ourselves		they themselves we, the same
12. \	Which of the following may be trar	nslat	ed "these women"?
a.	τούτων	c.	ταύτας

b. τούτοις d. ταύταις

13. Which of the following may be translated "these men"?			
a. οὗτοι	C.	τούτους	
b. τούτου	d.	ταῦτα	
14. Which of the following may be trar	nslat	ted "to these things"?	
a. τούτοι <i>ς</i>	C.	ταύτα <i>ς</i>	
b. ταῦτα	d.	τοῦτο	
15. Which of the following may be trar	nslat	ted "that thing"?	
a. ἐκείνο	C.	έκεινα	
b. ἐκείνων	d.	έκεινοι	
16. Which of the following may be trar	nslat	ted "of those women"?	
a. τῶνδε		ήδε	
b. ἐκείνων	d.	έκείνου	
17. Which of the following may be trar	nslat	ted "of these things"?	
a. τῶνδε	C.	τόδε	
b. τούτων	d.	τούτοις	
18. Which of the following may be trar	nslat	ted "magi, magician, wise man"?	
a. μαγεία	C.	μάγος	
b. μανία	d.	μέτρον	
19. Which of the following may be translated "patriarchs"?			
a. πατριάρχοι	C.	πατριάρχαι	
b. πατριάρχου	d.	πατριάρχης	

- 20. Which of the following may be translated "ignorance"?
 - a. ἄγκυρα c. ἀγνωσία
 - b. ἀγωνία
 d. ἀγωνίας

Part Two: True or False. Choose whether the statement is true or false.

- 1. Demonstrative pronouns are inflected in the vocative. True False
- 2. The two near NTGreek demonstrative pronouns are $o\dot{\vartheta}\tau o_S$ and $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon\hat{\imath}\nu o_S$. True False
- 3. Touto is usually prepositive. True False
- 4. $T\alpha \hat{\upsilon} \tau \alpha$ is usually postpositional. True False
- 5. Like $o\hat{\vartheta}\tau o_S$, the accent pattern for both the singular and plural forms for $\hat{\epsilon}\kappa\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\upsilon}\upsilon_S$ regularly follows Noun Rule #2. True False
- 6. The near demonstrative pronoun ὄδε occurs frequently in NTGreek. True False
- 7. The demonstrative pronoun is utilitarian in that it expresses both specificity and proximity. True False
- 8. Substantival near and far demonstrative pronouns modify other substantives. True False
- An adjectival demonstrative pronoun never has an antecedent.
 True False
- 10. When the demonstrative pronoun occurs with an anarthrous noun, it does not modify the noun, but is itself the substantive. True False

An answer key is provided on the next page.

ANSWER KEY

Part One: Multiple Choice. Choose the best answer.

- 1. What is the lexical form for $\beta\lambda\alpha\sigma\phi\eta\mu\dot{\alpha}\eta$?
 - a. βλασφημία
 c. βλάσφημια
 b. βλασφημίας
 d. βλασφημίαν
- 2. What is the lexical form for $\pi\alpha\rho\dot{\alpha}\delta\delta\phi$
 - a. παράδοξοι
 b. παραδόξος
 c. παράδοξος
 d. παράδοξον
- 3. What is the lexical entry for $\beta i \beta \lambda o v$?
 - a. β ίβλο_S, -ου, όc. β ίβλο_S, -ου, ήb. β ίβλο_S, -η_S, ήd. β ίβλο_S, -ον, ό
- 4. What is the lexical entry for $\tau \alpha \hat{\upsilon} \tau \alpha$?
 - a. ἐκεῖνος, -η, -ο
 c. ταύτας

 b. οὑτος, αὑτη, τοῦτο
 d. τοῦτο
- 5. What is the lexical entry for $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon i\nu o \upsilon_S$?
 - a. e^{i} κεῖνος, -η, -οc. e^{i} κεῖνος, -ου, όb.οὗτος, αὓτη, τοῦτοd.οὗτος, -ου, ό
- 6. What is the lexical entry for παρουσίαι?
 - a. παρουσία, -η_S, ήc. παρουσία, -α_S, όb. παρουσία, -α_S, ήd. παρούσια, -α_S, ή

7. What is the lexical entry for πεντηκοστή S ?			
a. πεντηκοστία, -η̂ς, ή b. πεντηκόστη, -α _S , ή		<mark>πεντηκοστή, -η̂ς, ἡ</mark> πεντηκοστία, -α _S , ἡ	
8. What is the lexical entry for $\tau i \tau \lambda o u$?		
a. τίτλο ₅ , -ου, ή b. τίτλο ₅ , -η, -ον		<mark>τίτλος, -ου, δ</mark> τιτλός, -οῦ, δ	
9. Which of the following is the best to	ans	lation for αὐτὸς ἐγώ?	
a. he himself b. he l	<mark>c.</mark> d.		
10. Which of the following is the best	tran	slation for αὐτοὶ ὑμεῖς?	
a. they themselvesb. you yourselves		you yourself we ourselves	
11. Which of the following is the best	tran	slation for αὐτοὶ ἡμεῖς?	
a. you yourself <mark>b.</mark> <mark>we ourselves</mark>	c. d.	they themselves we, the same	
12. Which of the following may be tra	nsla	ted "these women"?	
a. τούτων b. τούτοι <i>ς</i>	<mark>c.</mark> d.	<mark>ταύτας</mark> ταύται <i>ς</i>	
13. Which of the following may be translated "these men"?			
<mark>a. οὗτοι</mark> b. τούτου	<mark>c.</mark> d.	<mark>τούτους</mark> ταῦτα	

14. Which of the following may be translated "to these things"?

<mark>a.</mark>	τούτοις	C.	ταύτας
b.	ταῦτα	d.	τοῦτο

15. Which of the following may be translated "that thing"?

<mark>a.</mark>	έκεινο	c.	έκεινα
b.	έκείνων	d.	, εκείνοι

16. Which of the following may be translated "of those women"?

a.	τῶνδε	С.	ήδε
<mark>b.</mark>	εκείνων	d.	ἐκείνου

17. Which of the following may be translated "of these things"?

<mark>a.</mark>	<mark>τῶνδε</mark>	С.	τόδε
<mark>b.</mark>	<mark>τούτων</mark>	d.	τούτοις

18. Which of the following may be translated "magi, magician, wise man"?

a.	μαγεία	<mark>c.</mark>	<mark>μάγος</mark>
b.	μανία	d.	μέτρον

19. Which of the following may be translated "patriarchs"?

a.	πατριάρχοι	<mark>C.</mark>	<mark>πατριάρχαι</mark>
b.	πατριάρχου	d.	πατριάρχης

20. Which of the following may be translated "ignorance"?

a.	ἄγκυρα	<mark>c.</mark>	άγνωσία
b.	ἀγωνία	d.	ἀγωνίας

Part Two: True or False. Choose whether the statement is true or false.

- 1. Demonstrative pronouns are inflected in the vocative. False
- 2. The two near NTGreek demonstrative pronouns are $o\dot{\vartheta}\tau o_S$ and $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon\hat{\imath}\nu o_S$. False
- 3. Τοῦτο is usually prepositive. True
- 4. $T\alpha \hat{\upsilon} \tau \alpha$ is usually postpositional. True
- 5. Like $o\hat{\vartheta}\tau o_S$, the accent pattern for both the singular and plural forms for $\hat{\epsilon}\kappa\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\upsilon}\upsilon_S$ regularly follows Noun Rule #2. True
- 6. The near demonstrative pronoun ὄδε occurs frequently in NTGreek. False
- 7. The demonstrative pronoun is utilitarian in that it expresses both specificity and proximity. True
- 8. Substantival near and far demonstrative pronouns modify other substantives. False
- An adjectival demonstrative pronoun never has an antecedent.
 True
- 10. When the demonstrative pronoun occurs with an anarthrous noun, it does not modify the noun, but is itself the substantive. True