Lesson Seven: The Second Declension (Module B)

Feminine and Neuter Nouns

Morphology: The Nominal System (Part 2)

Study Aid Level Two: Quiz

Part One: Multiple choice. Choose the best answer.

1. Because of grammatical concord, which of the following is correct?

a. οἱ ὁδοί

c. τούς διαλέκτους

b. τὸ θηρίον

d. ὁ ἄβυσσος

2. Which of the following words belong to the n-2c declension-paradigm?

a. ἀρχάγγελος

c. βίβλω

b. ἔργον

d. ὄχλον

3. Which of the following words belong to the n-2b declension-paradigm?

a.  $\hat{\iota}\epsilon\rho \hat{ou}$ 

c. διαλέκτω

b. οὐρανοῖς

d. εὐαγγέλια

4. Which of the following words belong to the n-2a declension-paradigm?

a. βίβλον

c. τέκνα

b. ἀβύσσους

d. θανάτω

5. Because of grammatical concord, which of the following is correct?

a. τὰς οὐρανούς

c. ἡ ἀρχάγγελος

b. τὰ θηρία

d. τὸ εὐαγγέλια

6. Because of grammatical concord, which of the following is correct?

a. ὁ λόγοι

c. τῶ σαββάτοις

b. τῶν βίβλων

d. τοῖς ἱερῷ

7. Which of the following translates  $\delta \theta \epsilon \delta \varsigma$  correctly? a. oh God c. to God b. O God d. the God 8. Which of the following translates αἱ βίβλοι τῶν ἀποστόλων correctly? a. the scrolls of the prophets c. the scrolls of the apostles b. the scrolls of the men d. the scrolls of the apostle 9. Which of the following translates τὸ ἱερὸν τῶν θεῶν correctly? a. the temple of gods c. the child of [the] gods b. the temples of the gods d. the temple of the gods 10. To which declension-paradigm does εὐαγγελίω belong? a. n-2a c. n-2c b. n-2b d. all of the above 11. To which declension-paradigm does ἔργους belong? a. n-2a c. n-2c b. n-2b d. n-2d 12. To which declension-paradigm does βίβλοι belong? a. n-2a c. n-2c d. all of the above b. n-2b 13. To which declension-paradigm does διάλεκτον belong? a. n-2a c. n-2c d. n-2a and n-2b b. n-2b

Part Two: True or false. Choose whether the statement is true or false.

- 1. The case ending for  $\tilde{\epsilon}\rho\gamma\alpha$  is an example of contraction. True False
- 2. The case ending for  $\tilde{\epsilon} \rho \gamma \omega \nu$  is an example of absorption. True False
- 3. The case ending for  $\theta \epsilon \dot{\epsilon}$  is an example of replacement. True False
- 4. The case ending for  $\mathring{\epsilon}\rho\gamma$ o $\iota\varsigma$  is an example of contraction. True False
- 5. The case ending for  $\alpha\nu\theta\rho\dot{\omega}\pi$ ou $\varsigma$  is an example of absorption. True False
- The case ending for ἀνθρώπου is an example of contraction.
   True False
- 7. Second declension uncontracted masculine and feminine nouns are declined identically. True False
- 8. Second declension uncontracted masculine and neuter nouns are declined identically. True False
- 9. There are seventeen unique forms for the Greek article. True False
- The lexical form for all nouns is their nominative masculine singular form. True False
- 11. There are many second declension feminine noun stems that are irregular and do not terminate with *omīkron*. True False
- 12. Translation of case function is independent of a substantive's gender.

  True False
- 13. If a substantive is in the nominative, genitive, dative, accusative, or the vocative case, it will be translated the same whether the gender is masculine or feminine. True False
- 14. The final alpha in neuter plural nouns is short. True False

**Part Three: Vocabulary.** Supply the correct Greek word in the right-hand column that correctly matches the English word in the left-hand column.

	English Translation	Greek Word
1.	O!	
2.	heaven	
3.	(wild) animal, beast	
4.	child	
5.	dialect, language	
6.	apostle, delegate	
7.	man, mankind	
8.	brother	
9.	archangel	
10.	gift	
11.	work, deed, action	
12.	death	
13.	good news, gospel	
14.	abyss	
15.	scroll, document	
16.	temple	
17.	road, way, journey, conduct	
18.	crowd, throng	
19.	Sabbath, week	
20.	lord, Lord, master	

An answer key for this quiz is provided on the next page.

## **ANSWER KEY**

Part One: Multiple choice. Choose the best answer.

1. Because of grammatical concord, which of the following is correct?

a. οἱ ὁδοί

c. τοὺς διαλέκτους

<mark>b. τὸ θηρίον</mark>

d. ὁ ἄβυσσος

2. Which of the following words belong to the n-2c declension-paradigm?

a. ἀρχάγγελος

c. βίβλω

b. ἔργο<mark>ν</mark>

d. ὄχλον

3. Which of the following words belong to the n-2b declension-paradigm?

a.  $\hat{\iota}\epsilon\rho o\hat{\upsilon}$ 

ς. διαλέκτω

b. οὐρανοῖς

d. εὐαγγέλια

4. Which of the following words belong to the n-2a declension-paradigm?

a. βίβλον

c. τέκνα

b. ἀβύσσους

d. θανάτῳ

5. Because of grammatical concord, which of the following is correct?

a. τὰς οὐρανούς

c. ή ἀρχάγγελος

b. τὰ θηρία

d. τὸ εὐαγγέλια

6. Because of grammatical concord, which of the following is correct?

a. ὁ λόγοι

c. τῷ σαββάτοις

b. τῶν βίβλω<mark>ν</mark>

d. TOIS  $IEP \hat{\omega}$ 

7. Which of the following translates  $\delta \theta \epsilon \delta \varsigma$  correctly? c. to God a. oh God b. O God d. the God 8. Which of the following translates αἱ βίβλοι τῶν ἀποστόλων correctly? a. the scrolls of the prophets c. the scrolls of the apostles b. the scrolls of the men d. the scrolls of the apostle 9. Which of the following translates τὸ ἱερὸν τῶν θεῶν correctly? a. the temple of gods c. the child of [the] gods b. the temples of the gods d. the temple of the gods 10. To which declension-paradigm does εὐαγγελίω belong? a. n-2a c. n-2c d. all of the above b. n-2b 11. To which declension-paradigm does ἔργους belong? c. n-2c a. n-2a b. n-2b d. n-2d 12. To which declension-paradigm does  $\beta i \beta \lambda o \iota$  belong? a. n-2a c. n-2c d. all of the above b. n-2b 13. To which declension-paradigm does διάλεκτον belong? a. n-2a c. n-2c

b. n-2b

d. n-2a and n-2b

Part Two: True or false. Choose whether the statement is true or false.

- 1. The case ending for  $\tilde{\epsilon} \rho \gamma \alpha$  is an example of contraction. True False
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- If a substantive is in the nominative, genitive, dative, accusative, or the vocative case, it will be translated the same whether the gender is masculine or feminine. True False
- 14. The final *alpha* in neuter plural nouns is short. True False

**Part Three: Vocabulary.** Supply the correct Greek word in the right-hand column that correctly matches the English word in the left-hand column.

	English Translation	Greek Word
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22.	heaven	οὐρανός
23.	(wild) animal, beast	θηρίον
24.	child	τέκνον
25.	dialect, language	διάλεκτος
26.	apostle, delegate	ἀπόστολος
27.	man, mankind	ἄνθρωπος
28.	brother	ἀδελφός
29.	archangel	ἀρχάγγελος
30.	gift	δῶρον
31.	work, deed, action	ἔργο <mark>ν</mark>
32.	death	θάνατος
33.	good news, gospel	εὐαγγέλιον
34.	abyss	ἄβυσσος
35.	scroll, document	βίβλος
36.	temple	ໂερόν
37.	road, way, journey, conduct	οδός
38.	crowd, throng	ὄχλος
39.	Sabbath, week	σάββατον
40.	lord, Lord, master	κύριος