Comprehensive N-1D Noun List
First Declension Masculine Alpha 1 Nouns

Overview
Nominal stems ending with alpha and the abbreviated genitive singular -ου are first declension masculine nouns. All but three nouns are proper nouns that are declined in the singular only. The only n-1d plural forms in NTGreek are μητρολωσίς and πατρολωσίς.

Case Formation
First declension masculine nouns terminating with alpha and the abbreviated genitive singular -ου have the following inflected case endings. Notes concerning case formation follow.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>n-1d</th>
<th>Singular Case Endings</th>
<th>Plural Case Endings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nominative</td>
<td>$S$ 1, 2 (identical to accusative plural)</td>
<td>$l$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genitive</td>
<td>$ΟU$ 3 (absorption)</td>
<td>$\tilde{ω}ν$ 6 (contraction)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dative</td>
<td>$l$ (subscript) 4 (contraction)</td>
<td>$lς$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accusative</td>
<td>$ν$</td>
<td>$ς$ 2 (identical to nominative singular)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vocative</td>
<td>$-$ 5 (no case ending)</td>
<td>$l$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. N-1d masculine noun stems are identified by removing the nominative singular case ending (sigma). The nominative singular is the lexical form for all n-1d nouns.

2. The case ending sigma is the case ending for both the nominative singular and the accusative plural (and not the genitive singular and accusative plural as in n-1a, n-1b, and n-1c first declension feminine nouns). Context will help to determine the proper function of the noun.
3. First declension n-1d masculine nouns do not use the *sigma* for the genitive singular as does the feminine nouns in order to avoid confusion with the inflected nominative singular. These nouns borrow the second declension case ending -ου. The stem vowel is absorbed.

4. The masculine dative singular is actually the stem + ι. The *iota* regularly monophthongizes and is written under the long *alpha* as an *iota* subscript.

5. The vocative singular retains the long “pure” nominal stem whereas the nominative singular has the case ending *sigma*.

6. The genitive plural is -ων because of vowel contraction. The circumflex accent is evidence of this contraction.

**Comprehensive List**

1. Ἀδρίας (1)
2. Αῖνες (2)
3. Ἀνανίας (11)
4. Ἀνδρέας (13)
5. Βαραχίας (1)
6. Εξεκιας (2)
7. Ζαχαρίας (11)
8. Ἡλίας (29)
9. Ἡσαίας (22)
10. Ἰερεμίας (3)
11. Ἰεχονίας (2)
12. Ἰωσίας (2)
13. Λυσανίας (1)
14. Λυσίας (2)
15. Μαθίας (2)
16. Ματταθίας (2)
17. Μεσίας (2)
18. μητρολόφας (1)
19. νεανίας (3)
20. Ὀζίας (2)
21. Ούρίας (1)
22. πατρολώς (1)